

The Ogden Standard-Examiner

REBEL MENACE TOWARD CARRANZA GROWING GOLDEN STATE DECIDES TODAY HER FAVORITE BATTLE RAGES FOR POSSESSION OF KIEV Wealthy Banker Beaten to Death

Chief Interest in California
Primary on Choice Between
Hoover and Johnson

MARYLAND VOTE IS
GIVEN TO GEN. WOOD

Four G. O. P. Candidates
Await Results of Indiana's
Primary Today.

SAN FRANCISCO, May 4.—Whether California's delegation of 26 to the Republican national convention next June will be pledged to the candidacy of Senator Hiram W. Johnson or Herbert C. Hoover was the chief issue and the principal point of interest in today's primary election.

The Democrats and Prohibitionists also will elect an equal number of delegates. The Democrats list is unpledged while the Prohibitionists delegates will advocate the nomination of Henry Clay Needham of Los Angeles as that party's standard bearer.

Weather conditions were favorable for a heavy vote. The registered vote of the state is 1,111,192, of which 632,767 are Republicans, 217,737 Democrats and 13,213 Prohibitionists. The remainder are listed as Progressives, Socialists and "scattering."

The Democratic ballot contains 27 names from which 26 will be selected. Henry H. Childers of Los Angeles who has declared himself in favor of a more liberal interpretation of the national prohibition law, is running as the independent candidate on this ticket.

Voters are permitted to demand any party ballot they may desire today regardless of party affiliation at the time of registration.

WOOD WINS MARYLAND
BALTIMORE, May 4.—Major General Wood defeated Senator Hiram W. Johnson, of California, in an unusual light vote yesterday in the primary for Maryland's preference for the Republican nomination for president by a majority of 5,341 according to practically complete returns today. The few missing precincts are scattered and are not expected to materially alter the results.

The vote was Wood 15,900; Johnson 8,559.

General Wood carried all four legislative districts in Baltimore and all but two of the 23 counties. Allegany in the mining district, and Washington, Johnson's majority in Allegany was 501 and 50 in Washington. According to the returns Gen. Wood will have 116 of the 129 delegates to the state convention, which will be instructed, in accordance with the state election laws, to vote as a unit for Wood as long as in their conscientious judgment he has a reasonable chance of winning the nomination.

UNITED STATES SENATOR JOHN WALTER SMITH, Democrat, was unopposed for re-nomination. His Republican opponent is Virginia E. Weiler of Baltimore county.

EFFECT HEAVY VOTE
INDIANAPOLIS, May 4.—Fair weather and a deep rooted interest in the campaign is expected to produce a heavy vote today in the Indiana preferential primary. Special interest centers in the Republican presidential contest in which the leading aspirants are asking support. Major General Leonard Wood, Governor Frank O. Lowden, of Illinois, Senator Hiram W. Johnson of California, and Senator Warren G. Harding have all the active support of statewide organizations and each has from Kentucky a comprehensive speaking campaign.

Texas has no candidates for the Democratic nomination for president on the ballot and the Indiana law forbids the writing in of names.

Unless one candidate receives a majority over all others in the race for the presidential nomination in Indiana, delegates to the state convention will go unpledged. Delegates elected to the state convention in turn will name the delegates to the national convention. Those elections will be made on the night before the state conventions to be held later in May.

LOUISVILLE, May 4.—Approximately 2500 Democratic leaders of Kentucky assembled at their state convention here today to elect delegates at large and district delegates to the Democratic national convention, a national committee for Kentucky and formulate plans in preparation for the November elections.

A majority of the delegates to today's convention, who were elected Saturday at county mass conventions, are pledged to support the candidacy for the presidential nomination of Gov. James M. Cox of Ohio.

Naming Texas Delegates
DALLAS, Texas, May 4.—Texas

SOVIET FORCES
ENTRENCHED TO
REPULSE POLES

Both Sides Use Big Guns in
Battle Fought for
Ukraine City

CONFUSION AND
DISORDER PREVAIL

Fourteen Ships Loaded With
Refugees Sink During
Black Sea Storm

WARSAW, May 3.—(By the Associated Press)—The bolsheviks are entrenched in the hills on the west bank of the Dnieper in a great semi-circle with their back against Kiev, the Ukrainian capital, according to information today from the front. The fight for possession of Kiev is at its height, raging day and night along the line through the valleys and rivers.

Both sides are using artillery, but Kiev has not yet been bombarded by the Poles. It is reported that the Poles, who are within 45 kilometers (approximately 28 miles) of Kiev, are making effective use of modern equipment. From the north the Poles are proceeding southward below the Pripiet and Dnieper rivers with a flotilla.

Reports received here say that the plans of Leon Trotsky, the bolshevik war minister, for the defense of Kiev called for the replacing of General Mieczekow by General Sawiczow.

Disorder Prevails
WARSAW, Sunday, May 2.—(By the Associated Press)—Disorder and confusion prevails in Kiev, according to reports received here. Some dispatches stating that the bolsheviks are evacuating Kiev while others say that General Mieczekow, the thirty-five year old commander of the twelfth army, is making offensive preparations to defend Kiev.

Russians Lose Lives
LONDON, May 4.—A considerable number of Russian bourgeois who fled from south Russia to Asia Minor perished during a storm in the Black Sea, according to a wireless dispatch from Moscow today. Fourteen ships laden with refugees were lost.

The remnants of the Russian volunteer army in the Stolchey region of the Black Sea coast numbering several thousand, have surrendered to the bolsheviks, the statement continues. The volunteers were headed by General Morozoff and Unroff. All were granted life and liberty with the exception of the leaders of the rising.

PESSOA URGES SALE
OF SEIZED VESSELS

RIO JANEIRO, May 4.—Sale of former German vessels seized by Brazil during the war was urged by President Pessoa, in his message to congress Monday.

Twenty-eight of these steamers were borrowed by France, and the president said France was non-committal when asked by Brazil she desired to purchase the ships on the same terms offered by North American firms. He said France requested a renewal of the loan agreement between the two countries and suggested that the ship question be settled by the reparations commission.

Brazil replied, the president said, that the ownership of the steamers was settled by the Versailles treaty and refused to renew its loan to France. At the same time she asked that country to return the ships to Brazilian harbors. No response has yet been received from Paris.

AUTHORIZE ADDITION
TO IDAHO FORESTS

WASHINGTON, May 4.—The senate bill enlarging the Oregon national forest to include Larch mountain, the water shed of streams which supply Oneonta gorge and Multnomah falls, was passed today by the house.

The house also passed bills to enlarge the Parghes and Nez Perce national forests in Idaho, 45,000 acres in the Bitter Root mountains to be added to the former and 34,000 in Idaho county to the latter.

Sale of 2,800 acres of land to Pocatello, Idaho, so that the city may protect its water supply is authorized in another bill approved by the house.

ROMAN COLISEUM
SCENE AGAIN OF
VIA CRUCIS RITE

ROME, April 17.—After an interval of 50 years, the Coliseum again has been the scene of the moving and picturesque ceremony of the Via Crucis. Pope Benedict XIV, who reigned as pope from 1740 to 1758, instituted the ceremony by placing a cross in the center of the arena, where martyrs had given their lives for the faith, and erecting 14 stations of the cross about the historic pile. Each Friday the ancient amphitheater witnessed the solemn rite.

The practice was abandoned in 1870, and the stations were removed in 1872 by De Rosa, the archaeologist, who explored the strata underlying the arena. The celebrants have one more visited the Coliseum, however, and arrayed in their strange gray garments which included a cowl which covered the head and face, have revived the ceremony of old time.

Crowds gathered along the streets traversed by the procession to witness a spectacle which Rome has not seen since the old papal days.

MAY CUT SUM
GERMANY MUST
PAY TO ALLIES

Premier Millerand and Lloyd
George to Seek Agreement
on Reparations Clause

PARIS, May 4.—Premier Millerand is going to London next week to confer with David Lloyd George, the British prime minister, regarding financial questions. It is expected an agreement will be reached with regard to execution of the reparations clauses of the treaty of Versailles.

The premiers will also agree on the basis of the discussions to be held with the German representatives at the Spa meeting on May 25.

The French viewpoint is that they will not discuss the principle of any clause of the treaty and will take up with the Germans only the manner of applying the treaty's terms.

What practically amounts to a modification of the reparations clause will be discussed in the form of proposed minimum and maximum totals of reparations.

The French probably will not accept a lower minimum than 100 billion marks gold, but are likely to consent to fixing the maximum reparation payable by Germany at 150,000,000,000 marks, which was the limit the American experts reported they found Germany able to pay.

The minimum sum may be divided into annuities of 3,000,000,000 marks, as discussed at San Remo.

PRINCESS KOKOMO
BORN WITH CIRCUS

KOKOMO, Ind., May 4.—Princess Kokomo of the Igorrotes, is the first child to be borne away from the native lands. Her father, Chief Panmayang and her mother head their tribe in a circus, and yesterday the girl baby arrived. She was named of the town in which she was born.

The arrival of Princess Kokomo was the occasion for celebration among the Igorrotes. With Chief Panmayang and his wife at the head of a campfire, both smoking pipes, the other members gathered solemnly about, dipped their fingers into the hugo pot and helped themselves to a feast of dog meat.

BODY DRAGGED
WITH ROPE TIED
AROUND NECK

Police Unable to Find Motive
or Clue to Slayings of
Banker

WATCH AND MONEY
ARE NOT DISTURBED

Victim of Los Angeles Crime
Former Resident of Omaha,
Nebraska

LOS ANGELES, May 4.—The body of H. J. Robbins, wealthy retired banker, who recently came here with his family from Omaha, was found today in one of the better residence sections here. He had been beaten to death.

Robbins lived near where his body was found. He had been missing all night. The body had a rope around the neck and police said it had been dragged thirty feet from the spot where there was evidence of a struggle. The police said they had nothing to indicate the motive or the perpetrator of the crime.

SHELTON, Neb., May 4.—Robbins was president of a bank here, where he had lived for 30 years, when he left for Los Angeles last May. He disposed of his banking interests but retained large land holdings. He was estimated to be worth \$500,000. He was 65 years old. He was known as a "good mixer," but his habits were above criticism, friends say.

Robbins left his home at 7:30 last night, expecting to be gone but a short time. A few minutes later a servant girl employed near the scene of the murder heard a cry, "Oh, don't do that," and saw two men struggling. She paid no attention to the men.

A neighbor of Robbins spoke to him two minutes before he was seen in a scuffle. This was within fifty yards of the place he was killed. The body lay in the yard of a vacant house all night. Members of the Robbins family and a merchant's patrol searched for Robbins all night.

The police were notified shortly before the body was found. Robbins had made trips from Shelton, Neb., to Los Angeles since 1912 and recently purchased a home here.

CHINESE TO FIGHT
IMPORT OF OPIUM

SHANGHAI, April 3.—Disclosures in a report recently compiled by Dr. Wu Lien Teh of the anti-opium society have led that body to undertake a systematic effort to check importation of narcotics into Shanghai. Dr. Wu says importation of morphine into Shanghai has increased in the past five years from fourteen to 28 tons annually.

By reason of increased production of opium from new poppy fields in Szechuen and Fukien, he says that the price of the drug has fallen to \$3 an ounce.

DENMARK SOON IS
HAVE NEW CABINET

COPENHAGEN, May 3.—King Christian has requested Niels Neergaard, Liberal leader, to form a cabinet.

A dispatch from Copenhagen, April 6, said Baron Beck Friis, Danish premier, announced his cabinet would hold office only until the general elections, which were held in the latter part of April, when the Liberals were victorious. The Friis cabinet was formed April 4 last in succession to the ministry of M. Liebe, which had held office six days.

FARM LOANS HELD
UP BY LITIGATION

WASHINGTON, May 4.—Farm loans aggregating more than \$50,000,000 have been held up by the litigation over the validity of the farm loan act, it developed today at the conference of farm loan officials here.

WATSON LEADS POLICE
TO LONELY GRAVE OF
WOMAN HE HAD SLAIN

BIGAMIST HAS
NO TROUBLE IN
FINDING PLACE

Few Shovelfuls of Earth
Turned Up Discloses Body
of One Victim

DIXIELAND, Cal., May 4.—The body of Nina Lee Deloney was found by the searching party directed by Walter Andrew Watson, her alleged slayer, at 10:10 o'clock today.

Five miles north of Coyote Wells, Watson halted the ambulance. "There's the gulch," he said. Watson walked to a spot near a small cliff. "There's the ledge," he said, pointing. Deputy sheriffs turned a few shovelfuls of earth and revealed the body.

LOS ANGELES, Cal., May 4.—Guided by Walter Andrew Watson, alias James R. Huitt alleged bigamist and murderer, Los Angeles county officers today expected to renew the search in an isolated and desolate portion of San Diego county for the grave of Nina Lee Deloney, one of the five "wives" Watson is said to have confessed he killed.

The start was to be made from El Centro, Cal., to which point Watson was taken from here late last night. Before boarding the train, Watson issued through his attorney a long statement in which he reviewed the acts set forth in his alleged confession to the district attorney and concluded with the query:

"Is it reasonable to think my acts are the work of a sane man, who was in a position to control himself or to understand the risk of exposure he ran?"

He described himself as ordinarily "tender hearted and easily moved to tears at the sight of sadness or distress and ever ready to help relieve such condition," and working as best he could "to make the world better."

He said he had lived with three "wives" at the same time in San Francisco and risked detection by escorting them to restaurants and theatres and had done practically the same thing in other cities.

"I wonder," he continued, "if the public cannot see the logical position of my case instead of clamoring for revenge, give my actions and mental condition just consideration."

"My every act shows I am to be pitied more than to be blamed for having developed into this strange uncontrollable condition, but I am anything else by my natural self."

In making the statement public the attorney described it as his client's "unaided verbatim statement, written in long hand by himself."

The sheriff's office announced tonight that Mrs. M. E. Goldsmith of Wallace, Idaho, had identified a photograph of Watson as that of a man she married at Tacoma, Wash., January 11, 1919, under the name of Charles Newman.

James P. Maliseed, chief of police of Atlantic City, N. J., has written for a photograph of Watson on the theory that he may be a man who married there and shortly afterward deserted his wife.

BEDOUINS RAID
CATTLE OF JERICHO

JERUSALEM, May 3.—Bedouin detachments raided Jericho on Sunday, driving off a large number of cattle. British troops have been sent in pursuit.



Andrew Watson, alias James Huitt and two of the women he is said to have married. Center is Miss Elizabeth Pryor, who had willed her savings to Huitt, and bottom Mrs. Elizabeth Williamson.

JUAREZ, TAKEN
WITHOUT FIGHT,
HELPS REVOLT

Armed Fist of Rebels Being
Thrust Nearer to
Mexico City

DECISIVE BATTLE
SOON LOOKED FOR

Despite Progress by Enemies
Carranza Seems Safe for
Time, Belief

WASHINGTON, May 4.—Relief was shown both in government circles and by revolutionary agents here today when it became known that Juarez, Mexico, where revolutionary fighting always has been a potential international danger, had been taken by the rebels without a fight.

Until now the rebels have succeeded in taking from Carranza almost half his territory without a battle, but military men here who have watched the developments of the revolution assumed a few stubborn contests are inevitable. Mexican agents here persist in their assertions that further cases of government troops declining battle will hasten the end of their struggle.

Carranza Failure.
Information available here indicates that the two campaigns begun by Carranza have been failures. His effort to attack the Sonora troops from the state of Chihuahua has been brought to an end by the defection of every garrison in that state, and the expedition sent from the south through the state of Jalisco to check the southward movements of rebels through the states of Sonora, Sinaloa and Nayarit has not succeeded, largely because of the harassing by small rebel groups. In the state of Sinaloa there remained a federal garrison at Mazatlan, but too small, military observers say, to assume the offensive and not strong enough to withstand a heavy attack.

Helps the Rebels.
The occupation of Juarez makes it possible, in the opinion of American military men, for the rebel leaders to divert their Sonora forces to the route southward from Chihuahua towards Torreon.

Possession of Torreon gives its holder the advantage of operating eastward through the state of Coahuila to Saltillo and Monterrey, away to the south.

Carranza's strength in Coahuila, his own state, appears almost unimpaired, but in the adjoining state of Nuevo Leon, Andrew Almazan, and other rebel leaders have made progress south and west of Matamoros at the mouth of the Rio Grande. With rebel on the east and the west the only outlet to the American border left to Mexican government is through Laredo and Eagle Pass.

Position of Carranza.
American officers do not believe Carranza will be forced to surrender or run for a considerable period, despite progress made by the rebels.

The greatest immediate danger that official and unofficial observers here professed to see in the situation so far as it affected Carranza, was that menacing him to the south. The long hook has now reached its barb almost to the gates of the capital. With the exception of a short break across the state of Jalisco, it has curved through the states of Colima, Michoacan, Guerrero and Morelos. A part of the forces in the state of Puebla have joined the rebels, and Carranza, and rebels in the state of Tlaxcala, between Mexico City and Vera Cruz, have interrupted traffic both over the inter-oceanic and Mexican railways.

Secretary Daniels said today that additional warships would be sent to the east coast of Mexico, "if they are needed."

To Protect Americans.
Requests from the American consuls at Vera Cruz and Tampico that men-of-war be sent there for the protection of American citizens were received Sunday at the state department, and it was announced yesterday that the navy department had been requested to send destroyers.

Secretary Daniels would not say today that this request had been received. At the state department it was said that inquiries would be made of the navy department.

SWITCHMEN ARE
STILL OUT, SAYS
JOHN GRUNAU

Chicago Having Plenty of
Trouble on Account of
Several Walkouts

CHICAGO, May 4.—The switchmen's strike still was in effect today, following the refusal of the railroad managers to accept the offer of John Grunau, the strikers' leader, that the men would return to work if their seniority rights were restored. William Nelson Pelouse, president of the Illinois Manufacturers' association, interceded for a settlement because of a shortage in raw materials reported by plants.

Grunau claimed 19,000 men "who have not taken other work" still were out.

About 125 of the 1,200 union iron molders in Chicago were on strike today for \$10 a day minimum wages. Ninety per cent accepted a \$2 a day increase to the \$6.40 basic wage for eight hours.

Employers today informed 4,000 striking carpenters in woodworking mills that unless they return to work tomorrow, offers of settlement would be withdrawn. The men, who were getting \$5 cents an hour, demanded \$11.00 an hour from May 1 instead of June 1, as offered.

Striking waiters and cooks used picketing "sandwich" men today to inform people which restaurants were "unfair to labor."

Ice cream wagon drivers who threatened to strike today, were said to have reached an agreement with their employers.